Subsection 4.—Subsidies and Loans to Provinces

Subsidies.—By the provisions of the British North America Act and subsequent arrangements entered into from time to time, the Federal Government makes certain annual payments to the provinces: these are summarized as follows.

Interest on Debt Allowances.—By the terms of the union of the provinces at Confederation in 1867, the Federal Government assumed all the outstanding debts and liabilities of the provinces and undertook to pay, except in the case of Ontario and Quebec, interest at 5 p.c. on the amounts by which the actual per capita indebtedness of the provinces fell short of a basic debt allowance calculated at approximately \$25 per capita. On the subsequent entry of additional provinces into Confederation, similar arrangements were effected regarding the assumption of their pre-Confederation indebtedness. From time to time, adjustments have been made in the basis of calculating the debt allowances of provinces; moreover, the Federal Government pays interest at 5 p.c. per annum on the amounts by which the actual debts of the provinces, on their entry into Confederation, fell short of the allowed debts as adjusted. The aggregate annual payment by the Federal Government to the provinces in respect of interest on debt allowances is \$1,609,386.

Allowances for Governments and Legislatures.—Under the terms of the union, annual specific grants were made to the various provinces for the support of their governments and legislatures. These fixed amounts vary with the population of the provinces, according to the following scale, approved in 1907:—

Where populati	ion is-			\$
Under 150,	000			100,000
150,000, bu	t does n	ot exce	ed 200,000	150,000
200,000,	"	"	400,000	180,000
400,000,	"	"	800.000	190,000
800,000	"	"	800,000 1,500,000	220,000
Over 1,500	,000		•••••	240,000

Aggregate annual allowances presently paid under this head amount to \$1,750,000.

Allowances per Head of Population.—Under the British North America Act of 1867, a grant of 80 cents per head of population was allowed to each province. The British North America Act of 1907 provided that the grant would be paid to each province at the rate of 80 cents per head up to a population of 2,500,000, and at the rate of 60 cents per head for so much of the population as exceeded that number. Such allowances paid to the provinces in the year ended Mar. 31, 1946, amounted to \$8,779,089.

Special Grants.—In the case of certain of the provinces, grants have been added to the original scale of subsidies in view of special circumstances obtaining, which, for the year ended Mar. 31, 1946, amounted in the aggregate to \$2,280,880 as set forth below:—

Prince Edward Island.—A special grant of \$195,000 less a deduction of \$39,120 (net grant of \$155,880).

New Brunswick.—An annual grant of \$150,000 since 1875 in consideration of the repeal of lumber duties reserved to the Province by the B.N.A. Act of 1867.

Manitoba.—A special grant on the basis of population amounting at present to \$562,500 per annum.

Saskatchewan and Alberta.—An annual sum as compensation for loss of public lands revenue, based on their respective populations and amounting at present to \$750,000 for Saskatchewan and \$562,500 for Alberta.

British Columbia.—A special grant amounting at present to \$100,000 per annum.